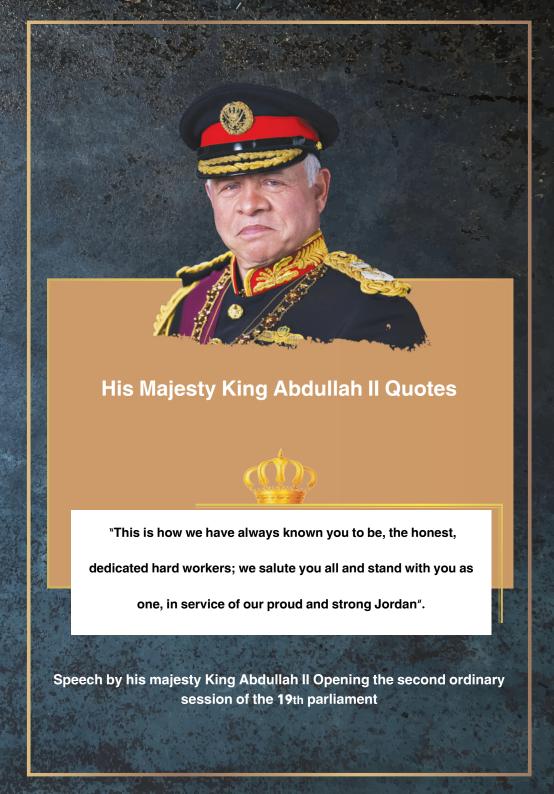




His Majesty the Honorable Hashemite King Abdullah II Ibn Al-Hussein, may Allah protect and bless him



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Al Hussein bin Abdullah





First Document
Strategic Plan for Public Security
For the years (2024-2026)

Speech of the Director of Public Security



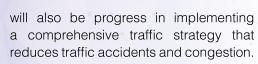
Major- general
Director of the Public Security Directorate
OBAIDULLAH ABD RABBO AL-MAAITA

- •The Public Security Directorate represents one of the state's effective institutions, and bears the responsibility of maintaining the security and safety of society, through a set of duties and tasks that contribute to enhancing security, protecting the capabilities of the nation, and enforcing the rule of law, in a way that reflects positively on the development of society, by contributing to achieving growth and prosperity and providing a decent life for the people of the country.
- directed at the leadership of the Public Security Directorate place all of us before of our responsibilities, they carry within them great meanings and opening wide horizons for every person with will and determination to make the royal directives a tangible reality. We see and feel their effects, achievements achieved. especially after the decision to merge the security services, which has become a more civilized and comprehensive institution capable of performing its duties efficiently and with distinction. The Public Security Directorate has laid the solid foundations for the infrastructure of the various public security units to respond to all developments taking place in the security scene by adopting a highly civilized and distinguished methodology in dealing with citizens, understanding their concerns, and working to help them and solve their problems.

The royal visions and aspirations

• To achieve these visions and aspirations, the Public Security Directorate is keen to implement its security and humanitarian duties according to comprehensive strategic plans that take into account the nature, dimensions and specificity of these duties, and achieve the desired goals, which consists the raising the level of security work at the highest levels and in all public security units and departments.

• Within its strategic plan for the years 2024 - 2026, the Public Security Directorate has established several main axes that will be focused on, at the forefront of which is continuing to make maximum efforts to confront the scourge of narcotics, strengthening the rule of law for everyone without discrimination or favor, and devoting standards of transparency, efficiency and respect for the rights and freedoms of citizens as they are an essential partner in the national security system, in addition to combating crime in all its forms, protecting investments and investors, and raising the readiness of the Civil Defense Directorate, to keep pace with urban expansion and weather conditions and ensuring rapid response to emergency incidents, there



• In conclusion, what Jordan has achieved over the decades in terms of security stability is a reason for pride and pride, and the result of the efforts and sacrifices made by the people of the country in fulfillment of this pure wealth, by the virtue of the wise Hashemite leadership, and the awareness of the citizen, which today has become the true support and active partner of the Public Security Directorate in protecting the nation and preserving its security and stability.



Public Security Directorate in Brief

Public security history is considered to be an important part of the modern Jordan history, public security directorate have passed with various phases due to the changes in Jordan

As His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah Bin Al Hussein- may God rest his soul- arrived to Ma>an and assigned the first Jordanian government on 11th of April 1921, a force (consisted of gendarmerie force, gendarmerie spare battalion, regular battalion and camel force) for security stabilization and maintaining order was established, the first position public security director was known as "the adviser of security and discipline".

On 10th March 1922 "Adviser of Security and Discipline" position was changed into "Public Security Director".

On 11th April 1923 the "Public Security Forces" (Police and Gendarmerie) was merged with "The Infantry Force".

In 1927 the position of "Deputy Chief of Army" and "Army War Staff" were canceled, and the "Director of Public Security" position name was changed into "Assistant of Army Chief for Public Security".

In 1930 a number of Bedouin men was recruited to form a security maintain force in the dessert and was known as Badia force and was located in fixed positions at Mafrag, Azrag and Al-jafer.

In 1956 Public Security was separated from the Arab Army and Public Security Directorate was established as independent legal entity affiliated with the Ministry of Interior and responsible for maintaining security and order in Jordan.

The Civil Defense Law no (12) 1959 was issued instead of the civil defense temporary law no (35) 1956, civil defense remained as a part of public security structure until the administratively separation in



1970. In 1978 the Civil Defense Department was separated financially from the Public Security Directorate with its own budget.

In 2008 the directives of Majesty the Supreme Commander King Abdullah II - may God protect him - were issued to reform the Gendarmerie Forces after separating the Special Security Forces from the Public Security Directorate. A Royal Decree was issued to approve the Gendarmerie Law on 2008/7/10, so that the Gendarmerie Forces began to implement their national duties side by side with the Public Security Directorate.

On 16th December 2019 the

Royal Decree was issued to merge the Gendarmerie and the Civil Defense Directorate to the Public Security Directorate, and the Royal Decree was issued to approve the amending law to Public Security Law No. (14) 2020. Thus, the three security agencies would have unified under the name of the Public Security Directorate, the Gendarmerie and Civil Defense Forces have become formations under one command in order to increase the efficiency of coordination and services and consolidate the foundations of the state of law and institutions.

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Public Security Duties as Stipulated in article (4) of the Act amending the Public Security Law No. (14) of (2020)

- 1. Maintain order and security and protect lives, honor and properties.
- 2. Prevent, detect and track crimes, and arrest and persecution of perpetrators.
- 3. Prison management and guarding prisoners.
- 4. Implement laws, regulations and official legitimate orders and assist the public authorities in the fulfillment of their duties in accordance with law.
- 5. Receive unclaimed lost and properties and disposition of them in accordance with the provisions of the law and regulations.
- 6. Regulate and control traffic on roads.
- 7. Supervise public meetings, processions and public areas.
- 8. Protect the diplomatic bodies, public official institutions and enterprises of special importance.
- 9. Implement firefighting and rescue operations and the resulting injuries, train and qualify staff to deal with operations, educate civilians and train them, secure the necessary mechanisms, equipment and means of communication and prepare studies on civil defense activities
- 10. Provide, organized and supervised the means and tools of warning from air raid and disasters.
- 11. Ensure that the public shelters are ready to use.
- 12. Detect explosives, identify their places and point around them to close the area and call the competent bodies to render safe them.
- 13. Contribute to the detection of any chemical or radiation leakage in cooperation with the competent authorities to handle it and avoid its effects.

- 14. Recommending approval for the establishment of fuel stations and LPG distribution agencies and their warehouses according to the approved conditions of prevention and self-protection.
- 15. Identify preventive measures and means of self protection for Licensing the manufacture, store and sale explosives, fireworks, chemicals, hazardous materials etc.
- 16. Train of voluntary teams on civil defense work from the public and private sectors across Jordan.
- 17. Represent Jordan in international, regional and local organizations and conferences related to public security.
- 18. Study building schemes and commercial, industrial and tourism facilities that affiliated to Municipality of Greater Amman to ensure that prevention requirements and other self protection means are secured against danger of fire in accordance with the specifications approved by the legislations in force and control it after the issuance of the required license.
- 19. Ensure the availability of the requirements of prevention and means of self-protection, warning and firefighting at commercial stores and industrial occupations.
- 20. Approving licensing the occupations related to manufacture or import sale, installation, maintenance or control the preventive and self protection materials and equipments or them in accordance with instructions issued by the director for this purpose.
- 21. Perform any other duties imposed by the applicable legislation.



Vision, Mission and Core Values

Vision:

Leadership in sustainable security and stability at the national, regional and international levels.

Mission:

fulfill the operational, internal, security, humanitarian and civil protection and provide services with excellence in accordance with the highest professional standards and in line with human rights standards to achieve the international best practices for all citizens and residents of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.

Core Values:

- 1. Human Rights and the Rule of law.
- Loyalty and belonging.
- 3. Good Governance.
- 4. Institutionalism at Work.
- 5. Sacrifice and Bravery.
- 6. Humanitarian and Civil Protection.
- 7. Excellence and Creativity.

Map of the strategic objectives of the Public Security Directorate

National objective

Preserving and developing Jordan as a safe and suitable place to live.

Sectoral objectives

- 1. Maintaining security and order and supporting the rule of law.
- 2. Preserving lives, money and personal property.
- 3. Preserving national capabilities and gains.
- 4. Maintaining public safety and providing civil protection.

• Institutional / strategic objectives

- 1. Reducing crime.
- 2. Contributing to reducing the scourge of drugs.
- 3. Contributing to enhancing traffic safety and road security.
- 4. Effective response to emergencies and disasters.
- 5. Sustainable development of the public security system in accordance with the best international standards